Cultural Adaptation of Couple Therapy in the Cultural Context of Iran



Manijeh Daneshpour, Ph.D. LMFT
Systemwide Director and Professor of Marriage
and Family Therapy
Alliant International University
mdaneshpour@alliant.edu

Neurobiology of "we."

We have moved from a "single skull" model of the brain to the "neurobiology of "we."

Dan Siegel



What Have We Learned From Brian Research?

- People are neurobiologically interconnected with a speed and intricacy far beyond what psychotherapiststhose presumed experts on relationships-once imagined.
- From brain research we have learned:
 - how easily one <u>partner's tone of voice</u> can trigger the other's amygdala,
 - how the <u>mirror neuron</u> system can directly shape our ability to grasp each other's inner world,
 - how <u>few of the countless implicit messages</u> passed between people in any interaction are conveyed <u>by language</u> or even become <u>conscious</u>.

Brain Research and Emotional Assault

- Brain research suggests that the part of the brain that processes an emotional assault use the same part to processes a physical assault.
- When an individual is verbally assaulted by a partner, the brain responds as though he or she is being punched in the stomach, prompting the same toxic mix of fear and rage.

Why Clients avoid Couple Therapy?

- They want to avoid the unwelcome challenge of self-confrontation that accompanies hearing their partner express dissatisfaction with them and their relationships.
- Why should partners expose their deepest vulnerabilities with the very person they may see as the cause of their emotional struggles?

Why Therapists avoid Doing Couple Therapy?

- When working with an individual, we get to establish a one-on-one relationship that's usually pretty rewarding for us.
- Most of our clients feel positive toward us.
- Many express appreciation for our efforts.
- We get to apply skills that we are already good at: active listening, understanding, and acceptance.
- If a power struggle emerges, there is usually far more calm predictability in the process of addressing it than happens when angry spouses square off against each other in our offices.

Learn to Provide Couple Therapy!

- "Individual therapy can be hazardous to a couple health. The calm understanding environment of one-on-one sessions too often leaves a client ill prepared to take the gritty, emotion-charged real world of a troubled relationship." (Bader and Peterson, 2011)
- In sessions, individual clients are not learning how to listen, stay calm when triggered, negotiate actively, or stretch to empathize with an intimate partner who intensely annoys and frustrates them.
- "Good couple therapy sometimes hurts." (Bader and Peterson, 2011)

Challenges for Iranian Couples

- Socio-Economic and Class Status
- Gender and Power
- Issues of Parenting and Child Rearing
- Religious Compatibility
- Community and Social Issues
- Cultural Celebrations
- Time Orientation
- Political views
- Extended family relationship
- Health and Stress
- Juggling roles and responsibilities

Iranian Couples Challenges

- Iranian couples who report experiences of cultural discrimination are more likely to exhibit verbal aggression and violence than positive communication patterns
- Economic marginalization and higher poverty rates can place considerable strain on some Iranian couple relationships.

Raising Iranian Cultural Differences in Treatment

- Therapist often error on one of two extremes
 - Don't mention the topic until it maybe mentioned by clients
 - Raise them prematurely before the therapeutic relationship has been established
- Client's response to the cultural related questions of therapist may vary according to their own cultural identification.

- Assess the couple's needs with an emphasis on culturally grounded behavior.
- Identify culturally related strengths and supports
 - Look for strengths and supports that have a cultural connection
 - Personal strengths (pride in culture)
 - Environmental supports (extended family, places of worship)

- Dependency is now legitimate in relationships.
- Based on attachment theory, the partners are no longer seen as either dependent or independent.
- Dependency is seen as either effective or ineffective.

- Focus on resolution of conflict is misguided.
- Gottman's research revealed that most conflict (69%) in relationships is perpetual.
 - Based on lasting differences in personalities and needs.
- Couples need to dialogue about perpetual issues or live in a state of 'gridlock'
- Goal is to manage conflicts rather than resolve them.

- Couples need to identify and communicate:
 - their sense of purpose
 - the meaning of how they move through time together
 - their priorities and values
 - what they hold to be sacred
 - their goals and missions, ethics, morality
 - philosophy of life and religion
 - their legacy from their families and culture
 - Relationship with families of origin